

Locating places

The Indonesian word for a map is **peta**.

As with maps in Australia, official Indonesian maps require the following elements:

Judul peta	A title
Skala peta	The map scale
Lambang peta	The map symbols, such as roads, rivers, capital cities and railways
Garis pinggir peta	An outer border line
Petunjuk arah mata angin	A compass showing the directions

Locations

To indicate spaces or locations you can use locative prepositions such as **dalam** (inside), **luar** (outside), **atas** (top part), **bawah** (bottom part), **depan/hadapan** (front), **belakang** ((back/rear), **samping** (side), **sebelah** (side when it is followed by some more precise orientation), **antara** (between) and **seberang** (opposite side).

These locatives are usually preceded by the preposition **di**, **ke** or **dari** and are often followed by another noun. There are four common patterns for expressing location in Indonesian:

I.

OBJECT 1	ada	PREPOSITION	OBJECT 2.
Ruang kelas bahasa	ada	di samping	ruang komputer.
The language classroom	is located	next to	the computer room.

II.

PREPOSITION	OBJECT 2	ada	OBJECT 1.
Di samping	ruang komputer	ada	ruang kelas bahasa.
Next to	the computer room.	there is	a language class room.

III.

Ada	OBJECT 1	PREPOSITION	OBJECT 2.
Ada	ruang kelas bahasa	di samping	ruang komputer.
There is	a language class room	next to	the computer room.

IV.

Letaknya	OBJECT 1	ada	PREPOSITION	OBJECT 2
Letaknya	ruang kelas bahasa	ada	di samping	ruang komputer
The location of	of the language class room	is	next to	the computer room

Indonesians frequently use **terletak** (is located) instead of **ada** when expressing the location of cities, towns and villages. This is also generally the case when expressing street locations for fixed structures such as buildings.

For example:

Gajah Mada Plaza terletak di Jl. Hayam Wuruk.
Gajah Mada Plaza is located in Hayam Wuruk Street.

Ada to be located or there is/are

You have already learnt two common uses of **ada** as in the examples:

Sekolah Harapan Bangsa ada di Jakarta Barat.

The Pelita Harapan Bangsa school is located in West Jakarta

and

Ada banyak siswa di sekolah itu.

There are many students at that school.

Ada serves several other useful functions that you will be exposed to in future worksheets but, for the time being, the above two functions will be consolidated.

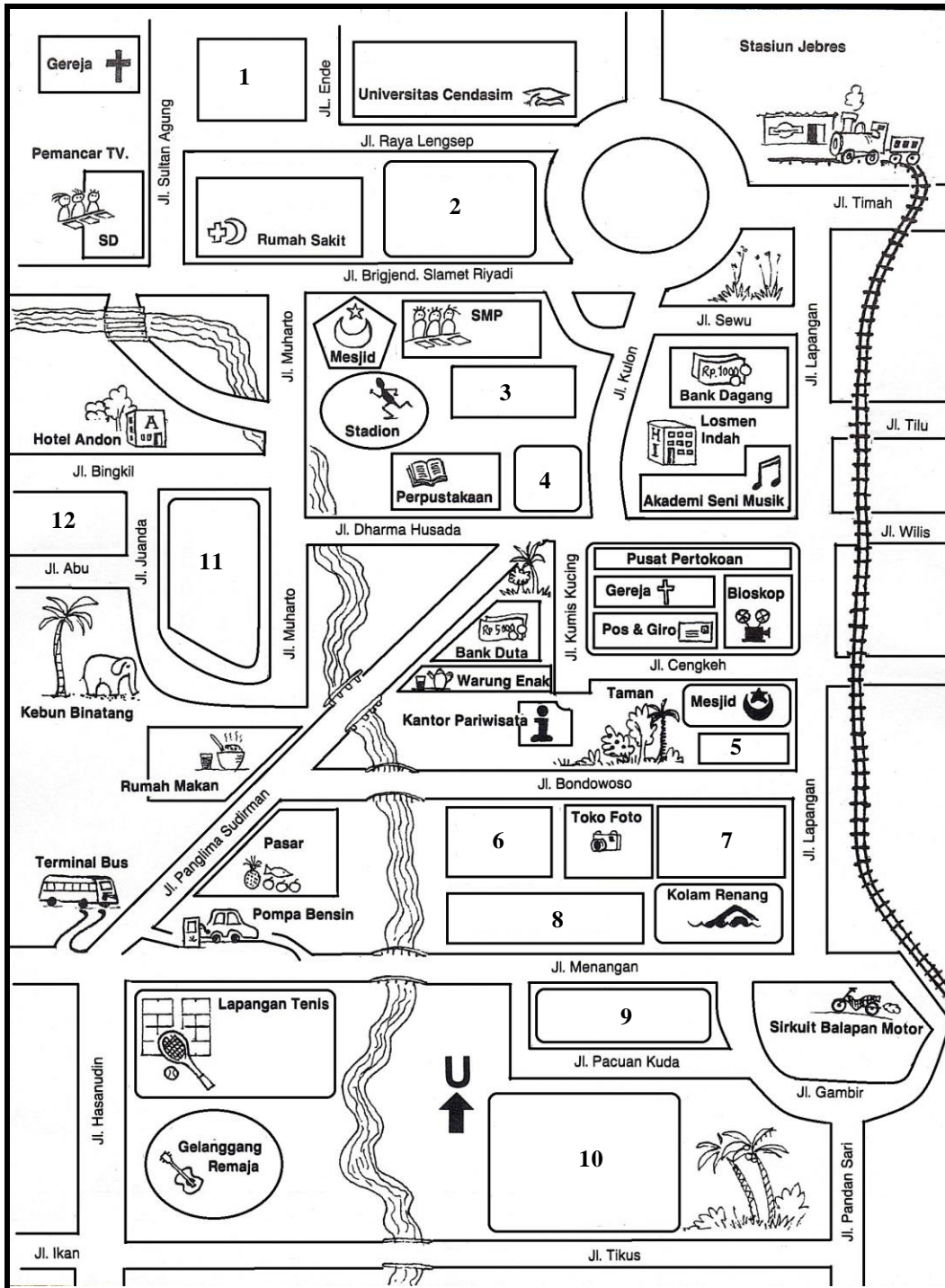
Exercises

1a.

Below you will find a map of the town of Jebres in West Java and sentences describing the location of places on that map. Match the location descriptions with the corresponding number on the map and write the answer in the space provided.

No.	Description of Location
	Alun-alun terletak di Jl. Kulon di antara SMP dan Perpustakaan
	Letaknya Lapangan Bola Basket ada di antara Jl. Menangan dan Jl. Pacuan Kuda dan di sebelah barat Sirkuit Balapan Motor.
	Plaza Gajah Mada terletak di Jl. Brigjend. Slamet Riyadi di samping Rumah Sakit.
	Letaknya Swalayan ada di sudut Jl. Lapangan dan Jl. Bondowoso dan di sebelah utara Kolam Renang.
	Pabrik Makanan terletak di sudut Jl. Bingkil, Jl. Juanda dan Jl. Muharto dan di sebelah timur Kebun Binatang.
	Letaknya Klinik Dokter Gigi ada di sudut Jl. Kulon dan Jl. Dharma Husada dan di sebelah timur Perpustakaan.
	Apotik terletak di sudut Jl. Lapangan dan Jl. Bondowoso dan di sebelah timur Kantor Pariwisata.
	Letaknya Karoseri Mobil ada di sudut Jl. Bingkil, Jl. Juanda dan Jl. Abu dan di sebelah barat Pabrik Makanan.
	SMA terletak di Jl. Langsep Raya di sebelah barat Universitas Cendasm.
	Letaknya Tempat Pakir Umum ada di Jl. Menangan di sebelah barat Kolam Renang.
	Toko Pakaian terletak di Jl. Bondowoso di sebelah utara Tempat Pakir Umum.

Letaknya Lapangan Sepak Bola ada di sebelah timur dari Gelanggang Remaja dan di sebelah selatan dari Lapangan Bola Basket.



1b.

Now that you know the names of each of the buildings on the map, write ten sentences describing the location of the buildings both in relation to each other and in relation to their street location. Ensure that you make use of all four of the sentence patterns available to you for expressing location.

A large rectangular frame containing 13 horizontal lines for writing. The first and last lines are dashed, while the intermediate lines are solid. There is a small gap between the top and bottom lines, and another between the bottom line and the bottom-most dashed line.