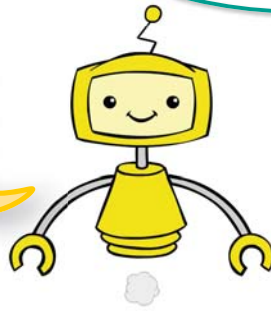


There are many cinemas in Jakarta aren't there

With all these events, there's a lot going on for Peter and Anna, isn't there? You remember how to ask questions in Indonesian, don't you? Perhaps we should revise anyway, shouldn't we?



LINKS TO:

Stage 2, Module 9

Learning Object 3: Different things happening

PRIOR LEARNING:

Stage 1

Module 1 Work Sheet 5: *Asking yes/no questions*



Yes or no ...

1

You have already learnt that in Indonesian there are two ways of asking a question to get a 'yes' or 'no' answer:

In Stage 1

- ▶ By a rising intonation at the end of the sentence:

Ada banyak bioskop di Jakarta? ↗

Are there many cinemas in Jakarta? ↗

or

- ▶ By using the question marker *apakah* at the beginning of a sentence:

Apakah ada banyak bioskop di Jakarta?

Are there many cinemas in Jakarta?

Note:

Apakah is quite formal. In conversation it is often shortened to *apa*.

Note:

In everyday conversation *bukan*, when used as a question tag, is often shortened to *kan*.

For example:

Konser mulai jam 7.00, kan?

The concert begins at 7.00, doesn't it?

2

Question tags

A question tag is used when the speaker is reasonably certain of the statement and is merely seeking confirmation, for example, 'is there?' and, 'don't you?'

Unlike in the English language, Indonesian does not have a multitude of question tags.

In fact, there is only one universal question tag, and that is the word *bukan*.

In Learning Object 3, *Different things happening*, Mrs Smart used the question tag *bukan* to seek confirmation when she said:

*... tapi di Jakarta ada banyak bioskop, **bukan?***

*... but in Jakarta there are many cinemas, **aren't there?***

Care needs to be taken when answering *bukan* question tags in the negative. In these instances, the established rules for negating verbs and adjectives with *tidak* should be used.

You have also learnt that *bukan* is used to negate nouns and pronouns.

In Stage 1, Module 2, Work Sheet 2, *Negating with tidak and bukan*

For example:

Apakah Pak Smart orang Inggris?

Is Mr Smart an Englishman?

Bukan, dia bukan orang Inggris. Dia orang Australia.

No, he is not an Englishman. He is an Australian.

Exercise 1

In Module 9, Learning Object 3, *Different things happening*, Anna made a couple of phone calls to find out more details about the Geography excursion and the movie premiere. She then wrote the information on a piece of paper for Mrs Smart.

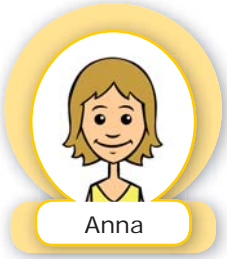
Unfortunately, Anna lost that piece of paper and cannot remember all the information she wrote down. She decides to ring Pak Rudi and Tono again.

Let's see if you can help Anna ask questions using question tags to seek confirmation.

Write the two conversations in the spaces provided.

1.1

 Anna	 Pak Rudi
<p><i>Halo? Apakah ini rumah Pak Rudi?</i></p>	<p><i>Ya, ini saya sendiri. Ini dari siapa?</i></p>
<p><i>Tidak, Anna. Kita kembali ke sekolah pada jam 6.00 sore.</i></p>	<p><i>Tidak, pada hari Senin tanggal 25.</i></p>
<p><i>Oh maaf. Saya salah lagi!</i></p>	
<p><i>Sudah. Terima kasih, Pak. Sampai jumpa.</i></p>	



Halo, apakah ini rumah keluarga Sudarsono?



Ya, ini Tono Sudarsono.

Hai, Tono. Ini Anna.

Hai Anna. Ada apa?

Tidak, kita janji bertemu di depan bioskop Megagembira di Jalan Hayam Wuruk.

Tidak, pada jam 3.00 sore.

Oh ... Terima kasih, Ton.

Ya, sampai jumpa.

Exercise 2

In Work Sheet 3, *Are you coming to the movie premiere?*, Peter received a phone call from Ardi, who asked Peter if he can attend a few events and activities coming up soon.

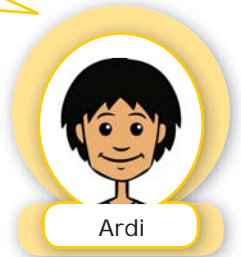
As he is a bit forgetful, Peter now needs reminding about the details of those events and activities, so he rings Ardi back.

Complete the telephone conversation between Ardi and Peter, using question tags where appropriate.



[Empty speech bubble for Peter]

Ya, ini Ardi Sugianto.



[Empty speech bubble for Peter]

Oh ... kamu, Peter. Ada apa?

[Empty speech bubble for Peter]

Tidak, kita ketemu di McDonald's Gajah Mada Plaza.

[Empty speech bubble for Peter]

Tidak, Peter, pada jam 5.00 sore!

Oh, ya! Jam 5.00. Makasih, Di. Sampai jumpa di sekolah besok.

Iya, sampai besok.