

Expressing likes and dislikes

Likes

The verb *suka* (to like) is used to express likes: *Saya suka coklat.*

Dislikes

To say that you don't like something, add *tidak* (do not/does not) before the verb: *Ibu Smart tidak suka coklat.*

Read the dialogues below and see how to talk about likes and dislikes.

Dialogue 1: Asking someone your own age (informal)

Apa kamu suka kopi?

Ya, saya suka kopi.

Tidak, saya tidak suka kopi.

Dialogue 2: Asking an adult you do not know or an adult in a position of authority (formal)

Ibu suka kopi?

Ya, saya suka kopi.

Tidak, saya tidak suka kopi.

Dialogue 3: Asking about someone else

Apa dia suka teh?

Ya, dia suka teh.

Tidak, dia tidak suka teh.

Exercises



1. Write the answer you would give to each of the following questions based on the cues or, where appropriate, based on your own likes and dislikes.

Example:

Q: *Peter suka ikan? Tidak, _____.*

A: *Tidak, dia tidak suka ikan.*

- a) Q: Apa kamu suka cokelat?

A: _____.

- b) Q: Apakah Anna suka kopi?

A: Tidak, _____.

- c) Q: Peter suka orange juice?

A: Ya, _____.

- d) Q: Apakah Bapak Smart suka teh?

A: Tidak, _____.

- e) Q: Kamu suka ikan?

A: _____.



2. You have learnt about the difference between *Anda, kamu* and *Ibu/Bapak* in this unit. (Refer to Worksheet 2.)

Think of adults to whom you would normally say *Ibu/Bu* or *Bapak/Pak*, if you were Indonesian, for example, your teacher, your school principal.

- a) Which of the following questions could you use to ask them about their likes and dislikes? Explain your answer.

Apakah kamu suka?

Apakah Ibu suka?

Apakah Pak (nama) suka...?

Apakah Anda suka...?

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- b) How might an adult you normally say *Ibu/Bapak* to, react if you were to use *kamu*.....?
