

Giving instructions and directions

Instructions:

In English, instructions are given using the imperative form of the verb.

For example:

Look over there!	Come here!
Go away!	Be quiet!

'Look', 'Go', 'Come' and 'Be' are all imperative forms of the verb.

In Indonesian, the imperative form of the verb is also used to give instructions. In Learning Object 1: 'Driving to the hotel', Pak Sugianto and the driver tell Peter and Anna to look at different interesting sights. They use the imperative form **Lihat!** (Look!)

For example:

<i>Lihat!</i>	Look!
<i>Lihat! Itu Monas!</i>	Look! That's Monas.

Directions:

In Indonesian, to ask where something is, use the question **Di mana?** (Where?)

Kiri and **kanan** mean 'left' and 'right' respectively.

To indicate the left-hand / right-hand side, or 'to the left / to the right', put the prepositional phrase **di sebelah** before **kiri / kanan**.

For example:

<i>Lihat! Itu Monas!</i>	Look! That's Monas!
<i>Di mana?</i>	Where?
<i>Di sebelah kanan.</i>	On the right.

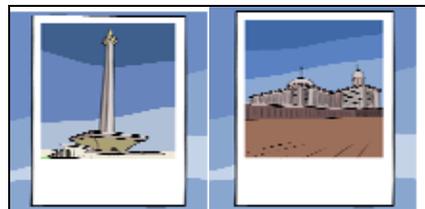
Exercises



1. Look at the following pairs of pictures and indicate whether one of them is on the left or the right-hand side.

Example:

Di mana Monas?
Di sebelah kiri.



- a) *Di mana Ancol?*

Di sebelah _____.



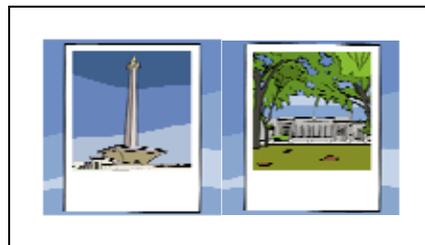
- b) *Di mana Taman Mini.*

Di _____.



- c) *Di mana Monas?*

_____.



- d) *Di mana Kebun Binatang Ragunan?*

_____.



2. Listen to the conversation in Learning Object 1: 'Driving to the Hotel' and answer the following questions. Circle the answer you think is correct.

- a) Anna is counting:
(i) Mazdas
(ii) Toyotas
(iii) kangaroos

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- b) Anna thinks the cars are:
 - (i) cheap
 - (ii) rusty
 - (iii) expensive
- c) Pak Sugianto indicates that Monas is:
 - (i) to the left
 - (ii) to the right
 - (iii) straight ahead
- d) According to Anna, Istiqlal Mosque is:
 - (i) very tall
 - (ii) great
 - (iii) very small
- e) Peter and Anna have trouble pronouncing the name:
 - (i) Taman Mini
 - (ii) Ancol
 - (iii) Taman Fatahillah



3. Imagine you are in the car with your friend from Indonesia. As you drive past various interesting sites in your city or town you point them out to your friend.

Create a short role-play with a partner. Point out several different sights and use various adjectives to describe them. Use the example below as a start to your own dialogue if you need to.

Example:

A: *Lihat! Itu Southbank.*

B: *Di mana?*

A: *Di sana, di sebelah kiri.*

B: *Oh, bagus sekali!*

A: *Lihat! Itu ...*