

Which one?

In Module 2, you learnt that *mana* is used in the question *Di mana?* meaning 'Where?' *Mana* is also used with *yang* to form the question ***Yang mana?*** meaning 'Which one?'

In Learning Object 6: 'What's on in Jakarta?' you heard the following conversation:

<i>Lihat, poster itu!</i>	Look at that poster!
<i>Yang mana?</i>	Which one?
<i>Yang besar. Yang berwarna merah.</i>	The big one. The red one.

The complete question in response to the instruction to look at the poster is:

<i>Poster yang mana?</i>	Which poster?
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However, as the item being referred to here (a poster) has just been mentioned, there is no need to repeat the noun *poster*. In instances like this, it is acceptable to omit the noun and begin the question and the following responses with *yang*.

For example:

<i>Lihat, poster itu!</i>	Look at that poster!
<i>Yang mana?</i>	Which one?
<i>Yang besar.</i>	The big one
<i>Yang berwarna merah.</i>	The red one.

Yang mana can also be used when asking which object within a group belongs to someone.

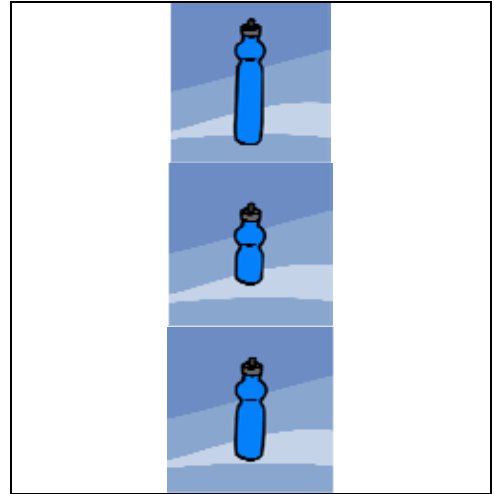
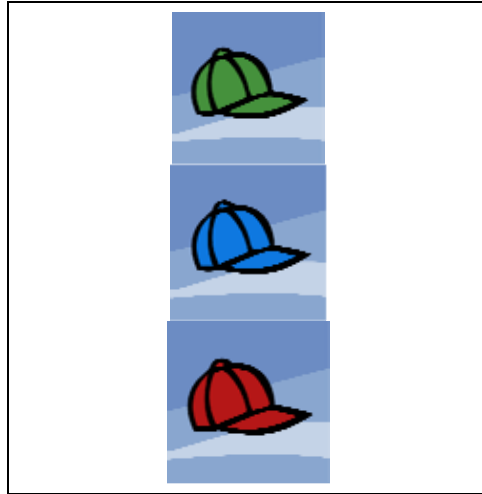
For example:

<i>Yang mana topimu?</i>	Which one is your hat?
or	
<i>Topimu yang mana?</i>	Literally: Your hat is which one?
<i>Yang berwarna merah topiku.</i>	The red one is my hat.
or	
<i>Topiku yang berwarna merah.</i>	My hat is the red one.

Exercises



1. Which one is Peter's?



Read the three statements below about the type of hat and water bottle each person has. Then work out who owns which hat and water bottle by referring to the pictures above. Look out for the *lebih...daripada* comparative form that you learnt about in Worksheet 6.

Peter: *Topiku tidak berwarna hijau atau merah. Botol airku tidak kecil atau sedang.*

Anna: *Topiku tidak berwarna merah. Botol airku lebih kecil daripada botol air Peter.*

Ardi: *Topiku tidak berwarna hijau atau biru. Botol airku lebih kecil daripada botol air Anna.*

Vocabulary:
sedang medium-sized

Now answer these questions in complete Indonesian sentences.

Example:

Yang mana topi Peter?

Yang berwarna hijau topi Peter.

a) *Yang mana topi Peter?*

b) *Yang mana topi Anna?*

c) *Topi Ardi yang mana?*

d) *Yang mana botol air Peter?*

e) *Botol air Anna yang mana?*

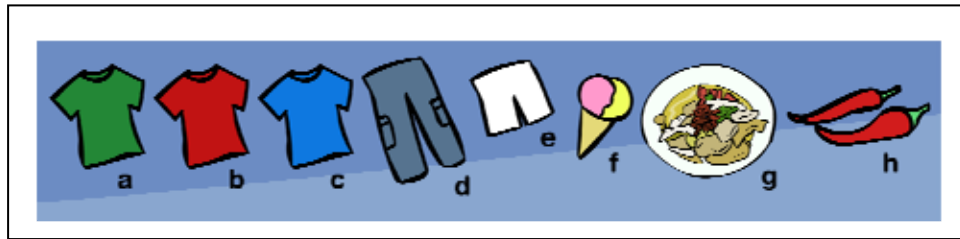
f) *Botol air Ardi yang mana?*

Which one?



2.

Look at this picture of various items from a department store.



Peter, Anna and Zak are out shopping. They are discussing which of the items in the picture they want to purchase.

Read the conversation below. Then fill in the three shopping lists underneath by writing in the letters that correspond to each item in the picture on the lines provided.

An item may be purchased by more than one person.

Refer to the vocabulary list on this page for help.

Conversation:

Zak: *Peter, aku mau beli baju yang berwarna hijau. Kamu mau beli yang mana?*

Peter: *Aku mau yang berwarna biru. Anna mau beli baju yang mana?*

Anna: *Aku mau yang berwarna merah. Aku mau beli celana. Saya mau yang panjang. Peter mau celana yang mana?*

Peter: *Aku mau yang pendek.*

Zak: *Aku juga mau celana yang pendek.*

Zak: *Mmmm...aku lapar. Aku mau beli makanan yang manis. Anna mau yang mana?*

Anna: *Aku mau yang pedas.*

Peter: *Aku mau yang gurih.*

Peter
• _____
• _____
• _____

Anna
• _____
• _____
• _____

Zak
• _____
• _____
• _____

Vocabulary:

<i>beli</i>	to buy
<i>celana</i>	trousers / pants
<i>panjang</i>	long
<i>pendek</i>	short
<i>manis</i>	sweet
<i>gurih</i>	savoury
<i>pedas</i>	hot (as in chillies, not temperature)
<i>limon</i>	lemons
<i>mangga</i>	mangoes